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**长泰一中2020 — 2021 学年第一学期**

**高二年学业水平测试英语试卷**

（试卷满分150分，考试时间120分钟）

注意事项：

1. 答卷前，考生务必将自己的姓名、考生号等填写在答题卡上。

2. 回答选择题时，选出每小题答案后，用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时，将答案写在答题卡上，写在本试卷上无效。

3. 考试结束后，将答题卡交回。

**第一部分 听力（共两节，满分30分）**

第一节（共5小题；每题1.5分，满分7.5分）

1. What will the woman probably do this evening?

A. Watch a movie. B. Learn something. C. Look after her father.

2. How many people eat together?

A. 3. B. 4. C. 5.

3. What do we know about the woman?

A. She is good at cooking. B. She likes Chinese food much.

C. She hasn’t come to this restaurant.

4. What are the speakers mainly talking about?

A. A comment. B. A book. C. A new writer.

5. Whom did the girl go to Scotland with?

A. Her parents. B. Her cousin. C. Her classmate.

第二节（共15小题；每小题1.5分，满分22.5分）

听下面一段对话，回答第6和第7两个小题。

6. What did the man buy?

A. A pumpkin. B. A lantern. C. A costume.

7. How will the woman spend Halloween?

A. Attend a party. B. Go on a holiday. C. Stay with her family.

听下面一段对话，回答第8至第10三个小题。

8. How did the man find the job interview?

A. Competitive（有竞争力的）. B. Easy. C. Unimportant.

9. What was the result of the job interview?

A. The man failed. B. The man succeeded. C. The man hasn’t got the result.

10. What are the speakers going to do?

A. Enjoy a meal. B. Go to a party. C. Have some drinks.

听下面一段对话，回答第11至第13三个小题。

11. When will Flight 962 arrive?

A. At 9:35. B. At 10:35. C. At 11:35.

12. What caused the delay of Flight 962?

A. Bad weather. B. Fuel （燃料）shortage. C. Engine trouble.

13. Where does Flight 962 make a scheduled stop?

A. In Boston. B. In Chicago. C. In San Francisco.

听下面一段对话，回答第14至第16三个小题。

14. Why does the girl want to have a car?

A. To be independent. B. To show her ability. C. To travel with her friends.

15. What can we learn about the girl’s friends?

A. They study hard. B. They don’t work. C. They don’t have cars.

16. Why doesn’t the man buy the girl a car now?

A. He can’t afford another car. B. He expects her to earn a car.

C. He thinks she is too young to drive.

听下面一段独白，回答第17至第20四个小题。

17. How long were the flying hours?

A. About 2 hours. B. About 3 hours. C. About 5 hours.

18. Why did the speaker go to Miami to spend his holiday?

A. It didn’t cost too much. B. The view was unique. C. The weather was pleasant.

19. Where did the speaker eat breakfast?

A. In the hotel room. B. In the dining hall. C. Outdoors close to the pool.

20. When did the speaker go dancing?

A. In the morning. B. In the afternoon. C. In the evening.

**第二部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分30分）**

**第一节 （共10小题；每小题2分，满分20分）**

**阅读下列短文，从每题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中，选出最佳选项。**

**A**

Our summer school offers you the chance to live and learn on our beautiful and historical campus in the heart of south-west London. You will earn credits by taking classes relating to your major or general education and have the opportunity to visit London’s world-class museums, libraries, parks and nightlife over a three- or six-week period during June and July.

Course Description

Each 3-week session carries 20 UK credits. Students are welcome to attend one or two sessions. Students should choose several courses within the session that they would like to attend, as courses will run according to the needs of students.

Dates and Costs 2020

Session 1 Session 2

Arrival day Thursday 11 June Thursday 2 July

Classes begin Monday 15 June Monday 6 July

Classes end Thursday 2 July Thursday 23 July

One session: £ 2,100

Two sessions: £ 3,840

How to Apply

Apply online at this link

Apply before 1 May

We welcome applicants(申请人) from students who meet the following requirements:

Have a minimum 2.8 GPA(grade point average)

Have finished high school

Be 18 years old or older

Along with a completed applicant form, you will be expected to submit(提交) your most recent grades and write a personal statement. You will also be asked to submit three module choices per session.

If you have any questions, please email us at roehamptonabroad@roehampton.ac.uk.

21. How many UK credits does a student earn during two sessions?

A. 20. B. 30. C. 40. D. 50.

22. When can you apply for Session 2 classes?

A. On 27 June. B. On 1 July. C. On 2 May. D. On 27 April.

23. Which of the following is required of the applicants?

A. Age. B. Social backgrounds. C. Nationality. D. Physical condition.

**B**

In 2015, Chennai was destroyed by one of the worst floods in over a century, leaving thousands without food, water and supplies. During the flood, many heroes arose, one of whom was Santosh, a young man who owned a take out restaurant in Chennai.

When the first flood hit in November, he got a call from a company called Naga Rava. The company asked him to prepare 5,000 packets of food and give them to the flood victims（受害者）. He, with his partners, took the order, cooked for 14 hours and delivered(递送) them. But that night, as they sat together discussing the event of the day, they actually felt ashamed(羞愧). “Here was a man not even from Chennai and he was going out of his way to help the affected people. We, while living here, had not really done anything ourselves for our own people,” said Santosh later.

He then began the groundwork for a collection to help cook more dishes. Little did he know that the November flood was just the beginning, and the real show was about to begin. The December flood affected them all. His own house got flooded and his family was trapped on the second floor. They lost phone connection and electricity. In spite of this, Santosh went back out into the flood, creating a kitchen and preparing food all by himself for the victims.

He did not sleep for four days, taking a one-hour break every day as he kept on cooking. As word got out about this man’s effort, others stepped out to join him. From children to the elderly, strangers came to help him in cooking, packing and transporting food. Up to 300 volunteers worked together to make it all happen. By the time the fourth day finally came to an end, Santosh and his team had prepared 170,000 food boxes and delivered them to people in need.

24. What inspired Santosh to help the affected people?

A. A call for help.

B. His cooking skills.

C. An act of kindness of a stranger.

D. The encouragement from his partners.

25. Which of the following can best describe Santosh?

A. Energetic and helpful.

B. Determined and clever.

C. Selfless and caring.

D. Kind and wise.

26. What is the best title for the text?

A. Many Hands Make Light Work

B. Kindness Is Its Own Reward

C. Major Floods Brought Challenges To People

D. A Man Cooked 170,000 Meals For The Affected

**C**

For Western designers, China and its rich culture have long been an inspiration for Western creative.

"It's no secret that China has always been a source(来源)of inspiration for designers," says Amanda Hill, chief creative officer at A+E Networks, a global media company and home to some of the biggest fashion(时尚)shows.

Earlier this year, the China Through A Looking Glass exhibition in New York exhibited 140 pieces of China-inspired fashionable clothing alongside Chinese works of art, with the aim of exploring the influence of Chinese aesthetics(美学)on Western fashion and how China has fueled the fashionable imagination for centuries. The exhibition had record attendance, showing that there is huge interest in Chinese influences.

"China is impossible to overlook," says Hill. "Chinese models are the faces of beauty and fashion campaigns that sell dreams to women all over the world, which means Chinese women are not just consumers of fashion — they are central to its movement. "Of course, only are today's top Western designers being influenced by China-some of the best designers of contemporary fashion are themselves Chinese." Vera Wang, Alexander Wang, Jason Wu are taking on Galiano, Albaz, Marc Jacobs-and beating them hands down in design and sales," adds Hil.

For Hill, it is impossible not to talk about China as the leading player when discussing fashion. "The most famous designers are Chinese, so are the models, and so are the consumers," she says. "China is no longer just another market; in many senses it has become the market. If you talk about fashion today, you are talking about China-its influences, its direction, its breathtaking clothes, and how young designers and models are finally acknowledging that in many ways."

27. What can we learn about the exhibition in New York?

A. It promoted the sales of artworks. B. It attracted a large number of visitors.

C. It showed ancient Chinese clothes. D. It aimed to introduce Chinese models.

28. What does Hill say about Chinese women?

A. They are setting the fashion. B. They start many fashion campaigns.

C. They admire super models. D. They do business all over the world.

29. What do the underlined words "taking on" in paragraph 4 mean?

A. learning from B. looking down on C. working with D. competing against

30. What can be a suitable title for the text?

A. Young Models Selling Dreams to the World

B. A Chinese Art Exhibition Held in New York

C. Differences Between Eastern and Western Aesthetics

D. Chinese Culture Fueling International Fashion Trends

**第二节 （共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分）**

**根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。**

Four Habits to Help You Succeed

Nobody would like to experience failure. We all want to succeed. For those who have tried and failed, success seems difficult to understand. 31

Know your values.

Finding your values is in line with creating motivation(动力). 32 Pick a handful of things and write them down. Remind yourself of your values every day and reflect on whether you are honoring those values through your work.

Pick a goal and focus on it.

Choose one goat to start something large enough that will give you a sense of achievement, while adjusting well to your values. If you want to achieve your goal, focus is the key here. 33

If you perform many tasks at a time, you might never finish your projects because they will take a long time.

Set a time for success.

Set a time for success. Know when you hope to realize your goal. 34 By setting a time limit, you are making the process realistic.

35

Failure can’t be avoided when you take risks. By its very definition, the hope to succeed means you are risking failure. Many people are likely to give up far too early. Don’t fall into this trap! Use failure. Treat it as a good thing, and go on.

A. Make the right decision.

B. Don’t give up because of failure.

C. Sit and reflect on what you value most.

D. Push yourself to be courageous, and take the next step.

E. Keep it realistic, while not giving yourself too much time.

F. I have made a list of four habits to help you set goals and realize them.

G. The more focused you are on one goal, the higher chance you have of success.

**第三部分　语言知识运用(共两节，满分35分)**

**第一节 (共20小题；每小题1.5分，满分30分)**

**阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。**

One morning, the door to the classroom opened and a new teacher, Mrs Cosby, walked in. She looked too 36 to handle us. And we sure gave her a 37 time , but she never lost her temper. And then came the last day of the first month she had been our teacher. She

38 some papers the moment she entered the classroom. We 39 the worst—a test. But oh no, it was something that totally 40 us.

Mrs Cosby asked us to come to the front of the class, and gave each of us a piece of

41 , on which she had written what the student with 42 had been good at during the last month. You see, no one ever 43 us. No one ever liked us. We were constantly told what good-for-nothing we were. And here, 44 , was someone who had been

45 with us closely for a month. Mrs Cosby did this every 46 from then on. Each month we got a piece of paper that said our 47 . She commented on my courage, and how well I did if I wanted to 48 arguments. Her attitude influenced our class. We did not want to 49 her feelings anymore. We actually started to 50 .

And then came the day of our 51 . Mrs Cosby hugged us and told us with tears in her eyes how 52 she was of us. Then she 53 each one of us a book. All the encouraging words through the years were there, in hard covers.

She said, “I want you each to keep this book and if ever during your life you feel unworthy,

54 this and read how good you are. You can be anything you want to be as long as you believe in yourself. 55 me you will remember that!”

36. A. kind B. humorous C. concerned D. ordinary

37. A. happy B. hard C. good D. valuable

38. A. picked up B. took out C. paid for D. came across

39. A. hoped B. needed C. feared D. dreamed

40. A. bored B. surprised C. excited D. satisfied

41. A. wood B. cloth C. paper D. bread

42. A. abilities B. interests C. actions D. problems

43. A. forgot about B. relied on C. believed in D. looked for

44. A. naturally B. fortunately C. suddenly D. gradually

45. A. quarreling B. competing C. living D. dealing

46. A. day B. week C. month D. year

47. A. memories B. mistakes C. strengths D. attitudes

48. A. start B. settle C. continue D. write

49. A. understand B. know C. hurt D. read

50. A. study B. perform C. fight D. joke

51. A. success B. failure C. graduation D. competition

52. A. tired B. proud C. confident D. afraid

53. A. showed B. bought C. handed D. suggested

54. A. remember B. remove C. open D. borrow

55. A. Request B. Promise C. Warn D. Remind

**第二节 （共10小题；每小题1.5分，满分15分）**

**阅读下面短文，在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。**

The ancient town of Fenghuang is a place with beautiful village life in rural China. Having travelled directly from the busy city, I regard Fenghuang as a better 56 (choose) to have a breath of the fresh air.

When I paid 57 visit to Fenghuang, it was July. My friend and I 58 (excited) explored, walking along the ancient wall and crossing the beautiful, old bridges. People there were very 59 (relax). They were neither troubled by the hot weather nor by the tourists, walking, eating and playing outdoors. 60 the first evening we bought spicy, cold noodles and ate on the riverbank as we watched the sunset.

We stayed in a small hotel 61 was similar to many of the traditional 62 (building) in the village. Our room was built on high stilts(桩子) over the banks of the river. From our window we could hear the rush of the water and the sounds of excited tourists 63 (travel) in small boats downstream（adv.向下游）. We saw people at work busy catching fish and young children playing in shallow waters.

Although there 64 (be) many visitors to Fenghuang, we did not see any other foreigner during our stay. After several days, I was still unwilling 65 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ( leave).

56.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 57.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 58.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 59.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 60.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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**第四部分 写作（共两节；满分 45 分）（请注意：主观题如果放空，期中考后年段加以惩罚！！）**

**第一节 单词拼写 (共 10 小题；每小题 l 分，满分 l0 分) 根据下列句子首字母或所给汉语注释，写出空缺处各单词或短语的正确形式。（每空不一定仅填一词）**

66.There is a g\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (一代) gap between my parents and me.

67. Your notes are excellent materials to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(查阅;参考)when you are studying for a test.

68.I am c\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ （困惑的）about the present situation.

69.The children have a strong h\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ （渴望） for new knowledge and ideas.

70. She was quite c\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (确信的) that she would become an idol singer one day.

71. The girl s\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ （主演 in that film is my favorite actress.

72. It does not always mean that we are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (true) happy, however.

73. She h\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (拥抱）him happily and invited him to dinner the next day.

74. We have been visited by c\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (生物) from outer space.

75. He failed to gain\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (admit) to his dream university.

**第二节 单句语法填空（共5小题；每题2分，满分10分）**

76.Nobody \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (know) what is going on outside.

77.It is no use \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (argue) with Tom because he will never change his mind.

78.Chen Linong wore a large mask and a pair of sunglasses in the airport without \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(recognize).

79.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (live) in Beijing for years, I almost know every place quite well.

80. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (swing) the door open and got a blast of cold air.

**第三节 翻译句子（使用提示词）（每句2分，共10分）**

81.她现在正过着忙碌的生活。(lead)

82.他对自己的生活很满意。(satisfy)

83.This character was a social failure but was loved for his optimism and determination to overcome all difficulties.

84.面对危险时， 你应当保持冷静。（face vt./n.）

85. With all these attractions, no wonder tourism is increasing wherever there is a Disneyland.

**第四节 书面表达(15 分)**

假如你是某国际学校的学生李华，在即将到来的西方文化节中，你们班将上演哑剧（mime）“The Gold Rush”，你希望得到外教James的指导和帮助。请你根据以下要点提示给外教James写一封邮件。内容包括：

1. 要求外教观看排练rehearsal；(大礼堂：auditorium)

2. 希望外教给予指导instruction(n.)/instruct(vt.)。

注意： 1. 词数100左右； 2. 可适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**参考答案**

**第一部分 听力**

**1—5 BBBAC 6—10 ACABC 11—15 CABAA 16—20 BBACC**

**第二部分 阅读理解**

**第一节**

**A篇 本文是一篇应用文，介绍了一所大学的暑假课程。**

**21. C 细节理解题。根据第二段中的“Each 3-week session carries 20 UK credits.”可知，这一学期可以拿到20个学分，两个学期可以拿到40个学分。**

**22. D 细节理解题。根据“Apply before 1 May”可知，所有课程的申请都必须在5月1日前完成。故选D项。**

**23. A 细节理解题。根据“We welcome applicants(申请人) from students who meet the following requirements”中的三个要求可知，申请人要满足以下几个方面的要求：学术成绩、教育学历和年龄。故选A项。**

**B篇 本文是一篇记叙文。文章讲述了在一次严重的洪灾期间，Santosh和一些好心人准备了170 000份盒饭救援灾区的故事。**

**24. C 推理判断题。根据第二段的内容可知，是一个陌生人的善举激励Santosh帮助灾民。**

**25. C 推理判断题。根据全文内容可知，Santosh的家也遭受了洪水，但是他依然去帮助其他受灾的人们。这说明他无私且乐于助人。**

**26. D 标题判断题。本文主要讲述了在严重的洪灾期间，Santosh和一些好心人准备了170 000份盒饭救援灾区的故事。故D项适合作本文的标题。**

**C篇 【语篇解读】这是一篇说明文。文章主要讲了中国文化对世界时尚届的影响，中国年轻的设计师和模特如何最终在许多方面被认可。中国成了世界时尚的风向标。**

**27.B【解析】细节理解题。答案定位在第三段The exhibition had record attendance, showing that there is huge interest in Chinese influences.（此次展览吸引的参观者人数创下了记录，显示出人们对中国影响的浓厚兴趣。）由此可知，纽约的展览吸引了许多参观者，故选B。**

**28.A【解析】细节理解题。答案定位在第四段Chinese models are the faces of beauty and fashion campaigns that sell dreams to women all over the world, which means Chinese women are not just consumers of fashion-they are central to its movement . （中国模特是向全世界女性推销梦想的美和时尚活动的代言人，这意味着中国女性不仅仅是时尚的消费者——她们是这场运动的核心。）由此可知，Hill说中国女性开创了新时尚，故选A。**

**29.D 【解析】词义猜测题。下文and beating them hands down in design and sales说并在设计和销售上击败他们。由此推断出上文Vera Wang, Alexander Wang, Jason Wu are taking on Galliano, Albaz, Mare Jacobs的意思是Vera Wang、Alexander Wang和Jason Wu正在与Galliano、Albaz和 Mare Jacobs竞争。taking on意思是“竞争”，故选D。**

**30.D 【解析】主旨大意题。根据文章第一段china and its culture have long been an inspiration for western creations.以及最后一段If you talk about fashion today , you are talking about China - its influences , its direction, its breathtaking clothes, and how young designers and models are finally acknowledging that in many ways."（如果你今天谈论时尚，你谈论的是中国——它的影响，它的方向，它令人惊叹的服装，以及年轻的设计师和模特如何最终在许多方面被认可。），结合全文内容，可知这篇文章最恰当的题目是“中国文化助力国际时尚潮流”，故选D。**

**第二节**

**31—35 FCGEB**

**第三部分 语言知识运用**

**第一节 完形填空**

**【篇章导读】本文讲的是有关赏识教育的一个范例，面对一些调皮捣乱的孩子，一位新老师采用的不是批评说教而是发掘他们身上的闪光点的方法，并取得了成功。**

**36. A 根据语境可知，此处是说她看上去太善良了，根本管不了我们。humorous“幽默的”，concerned“担心的”，ordinary“普通的”，均不符合语境。**

**37. B 新老师看上去很善良，我们这帮淘气学生肯定要给她出难题，不让她好过。but后面说她却从不发脾气，故此空应该选hard。**

**38. B 根据下一句破折号后的“a test”可知，这里是说我们以为她拿出了试卷。pick up“拿起，举起”；take out“拿出”；pay for“为……付钱”；come across“(偶然)遇见，发现”。**

**39. C 根据常识及“a test”可知，我们最害怕考试。fear“害怕”，符合语境。**

**40. B 结合上文中的“But oh no”以及下文内容可知，老师没有让我们考试，这使我们感到意外。bore“使厌烦”；surprise“使感到意外”；excite“使激动”；satisfy“使满意”。**

**41. C 根据上文中的“some papers”及下文中的“a piece of paper”可知应选C项。**

**42. D 根据下文中的“We were constantly told how good-for-nothing we were.”可知，这些纸上写的是每个问题学生的优点。ability“能力”；interest“兴趣”；action“行为”；problem“问题”。**

**43. C 根据后面的一句“没有人喜欢过我们”可知，这里应该是说没有人信任过我们。forget about“忘记”；rely on“依赖”；believe in“信任”；look for“寻找”。**

**44. C 用suddenly最能体现出“我”的感动，也能凸显出新老师来前后我们的变化。naturally “自然地”；fortunately“幸运地”；suddenly“突然地”；gradually“逐渐地”。**

**45. D closely这一修饰词是解题关键，意为“密切地，仔细地”，故此处应选D。deal with意为“应付，对付”。**

**46. C 根据下文中的“Each month we got a piece of paper”可知，此处应选C。**

**47. C 根据下文具体列出“我”有哪些优点可知，此处应选C。memory“记忆”；mistake“错误”；strength“优点”；attitude“态度”。**

**48. B 根据空后的“arguments”可知，应该是“解决争论”。这里是说“我”的优点，不能选A项“引发”。**

**49. C 上文说她的做法改变了我们班的同学，此处应该是说我们不想再伤害她的感情了。**

**50. A 我们被新老师改变了，并且开始学习。study“学习”；perform“表演”；fight“战斗”；joke“开玩笑”。**

**51. C 根据下文的内容可知，此处指我们毕业的那一天。success“成功”；failure“失败”； graduation“毕业”；competition“竞争”。**

**52. B Mrs Cosby在我们毕业那天拥抱我们，含着泪告诉我们她是多么为我们骄傲。be proud of sb.意为“以……为傲”。tired“疲倦的”；confident“自信的”；afraid“害怕的”。**

**53. C 老师送给我们一本书作为纪念，所以应该是把书递给我们。 show“展示”； buy“买”；hand“递，给”；suggest“建议”。**

**54. C 空后的this指的是书，此处是说打开这本书读一下，看看自己是多么优秀。**

**55. B 此处是说“答应我你们会记得那件事”。request“要求”；promise“答应”；warn“警告”；remind“提醒”。**

**第二节**

**本文是一篇说明文。文章介绍了凤凰古城的特色以及作者游凤凰古城的经历和感受。**

**56. choice 考查词形转换。分析句子结构可知，空前有a better修饰，故此处要用名词作介词as的宾语。**

**57. a 考查冠词。pay a visit to意为“参观，访问”，是固定短语。**

**58. excitedly 考查词形转换。空处修饰动词explored, 要用副词，故填excitedly。**

**59. relaxed 考查词形转换。分析句子结构可知，空处在句中作表语，且主语为People, 故应用-ed形式的形容词作表语。relaxed意为“放松的”。**

**60. On 考查介词。表示在具体某天的晚上要用介词on。**

**61. which/that 考查定语从句。分析句子结构可知，先行词是hotel，空处引导限制性定语从句，且在从句中作主语，故用which/that。**

**62. buildings 考查名词复数。根据空前的“many of”可知，此处应用名词复数。**

**63. travelling 考查非谓语动词。tourists和travel之间是逻辑上的主谓关系，故用动词-ing形式作定语。**

**64. were 考查动词的时态和主谓一致。此处是there be句型，主语是many visitors，故用复数。根据上下文的时态可知，此处陈述的是过去的事情, 故用一般过去时。**

**65. to leave 考查非谓语动词。be unwilling to do sth.意为“不愿意做某事”，为固定用法。**

**第四部分 写作**

**第一节 单词拼写**

**66.generation 67.refer to 68.confused 69.hunger 70. convinced**

**71.starring 72.truly 73.hugged 74.creatures 75.admission**

**第二节 单句语法填空**

**76.knows 77.arguing 78.** **being recognized 79. Having lived 80.swung**

**第三节 翻译句子**

**81.She is leading a busy life now.**

**82.He is satisfied with his life.**

**83.** **这个人物是个社会上的失败者，然而，他还是因为他的乐观和克服所有困难的决心受到喜爱。**

**84.** **You should keep calm in the face of danger./**

**You should keep calm when you face the danger/are faced with the danger.**

**85.**因为**有这么多吸引人的东西，难怪无论哪有一个迪斯尼乐园，旅游业就会增长。**

**第四节 书面表达**

**参考范文：**

**Dear Mr James,**

**I’m writing to ask for a favor from you. Could you please come and watch our mime “The Gold Rush ”, which is intended for the coming “Western Culture Festival”?**

**This being the first mime our class is going to put on, we are confronted with various problems during our first rehearsing. It is really a challenge to entertain the audience with nonverbal communication. Our next rehearsal is scheduled at 3:30 this Friday afternoon in our school auditorium. If you are available then, could you be so kind as to be present and offer some instruction?**

**I am looking forward to your early reply.**

**Yours,**

**Li Hua**